

Address Register Operands

- Operands in *address registers*

- Fact:

- Address registers are mainly used to **store address values** needed to **access variables** in memory
- We will **not** use an **address register** to store **intermediate results** of computations
- Therefore, I will present a set of **simplified rules** on using **address registers**

- Rules for using **address registers**

- You **cannot** use the **.b** mode (byte size operand) with **address registers**

Example:

```

move.b #-1, a0      not allowed
add.b  #-1, a0      not allowed
add.b  d0, a0       not allowed

```

- When you **store a value** into an **address register**, the value is **always** stored in **32 bits representation**
(That is because an **address** in M68000 is **always** represented by **32 bit**)

Example:

```

movea.w #-1, a0      ; stores 11111111 11111111 11111111 11111111 in a0
movea.l #-1, a0      ; stores 11111111 11111111 11111111 11111111 in a0

```

Note: the *difference* between these **2 instructions** is the **encoding**.

The first instruction uses 6 bytes, the second uses 10 bytes. (See a.lst in demo)

- The **status flags (N,Z,V,C)** are **not updated** when an operation **updates an address register**
(That is because the operation is not consider a **data computational operation**)

- Example **word size** operation with **address register as destination**

Before operation:

```

+-----+
D0 = | 00000000 | 00001001 | 10010010 | 10111000 |
+-----+
A0 = | 00000000 | 00000000 | 00000000 | 00000000 |
+-----+

```

Operation: **MOVE.W D0, A0** (A0 is the destination)

After operation:

```

+-----+-----+-----+-----+
D0 = | 00000000 | 00001001 | 10010010 | 10111000 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
A0 = | 11111111 | 11111111 | 10010010 | 10111000 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+

```

Flags in PSR are **unchanged**

Note:

- Because the **16 bit representation** indicates that the value is **negative**, it is automatically converted to a **32 bit representation** for a **negative value** by **prepending 1 bits** before the representation.

- Example **long word size** operation with **address register as destination**

Before operation:

```

+-----+-----+-----+-----+
D0 = | 00000000 | 00001001 | 10010010 | 10111000 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
A0 = | 00000000 | 00000001 | 00000000 | 00000000 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+

```

Operation: **MOVE.L D0, A0**

After operation:

```

+-----+-----+-----+-----+
D0 = | 00000000 | 00001001 | 10010010 | 10111000 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
A0 = | 00000000 | 00001001 | 10010010 | 10111000 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+

```

Flags in PSR are **unchanged**

- DEMO:** [click here](#)

- Remember that:**

- Any byte size** operation with **address register as destination** are **NOT allowed !!!**

Examples:

```

MOVEA.B #3, A0      (MOVEA = move to Address reg) - not allowed
ADDA.B  #3, A0      (ADDA = Add to Address register) - not allowed
SUBA.B  #3, A0      (SUBA = Subtract from Address reg) - not allowed

```

- Word size** and **long size** operation with **address register as destination** are **allowed !!!**

Examples:

```

MOVEA.W #3, A0      allowed
ADDA.W  #3, A0      allowed
SUBA.W  #3, A0      allowed

MOVEA.L #3, A0      allowed
ADDA.L  #3, A0      allowed

```

```
SUBA.L #3, A0      allowed
```

- **Any data size** operation with *data register as destination* are *allowed* !!!

Examples:

```
MOVE.B #3, D0      allowed
ADD.B  #3, D0      allowed
SUB.B  #3, D0      allowed

MOVE.W #3, D0      allowed
ADD.W  #3, D0      allowed
SUB.W  #3, D0      allowed

MOVE.L #3, D0      allowed
ADD.L  #3, D0      allowed
SUB.L  #3, D0      allowed
```

Notice also that the instruction **mnemonic** for *data destination registers do not* have the **trailing letter A** !!!